

SY A. Debate: More of the TB control budget should be diverted from biomedical care to socioeconomic interventions

THE 46TH UNION
WORLD CONFERENCE
ON LUNG HEALTH

CAPE TOWN, SOUTH AFRICA
2-6 DECEMBER 2015

Thursday, 03 December 2015, 14:30 - 15:30

IMBIZO Hall 4B

Type of session	Symposium
Track	Advancing the End TB strategy and other policy issues
Track2 (optional)	Civil society / patient & community engagement
Description	Limited funding for TB has created debate over the optimal use of resources. Poverty is a primary driver of the TB epidemic, yet most TB control programmes do not focus on socioeconomic factors affecting TB-affected families. Further, despite agreement that new approaches and technologies are urgently required, funding for innovation is scarce. This symposium will use an Oxford Style debate model whereby two pairs argue polarised positions over a motion to influence audience opinions. The audience votes on the motion pre- and post-debate. The pair who sway opinion most have 'won'.
Target audience	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Healthcare professionals, advocates 2. TB programme implementers 3. Policy analysts
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To review the evidence for factors that determine TB rates and changes in those rates 2. To assess the impact of biomedical care versus wealth on TB rates 3. To analyse the effect of changes in biomedical care versus socioeconomic development on TB rates 4. To review the cost-effectiveness and impact of biomedical versus socioeconomic interventions
Keywords	TB; socioeconomic factors; resources
Coordinator(s)	Matt Oliver (UK), Carlton Evans (Peru)
Chair(s)	Meaghan Derynck (Canada), Matt Oliver (UK)
Presentations	<p>14:30 - 15:30 Why more of the TB control budget should be diverted from biomedical care to socioeconomic interventions Carlton Evans (Peru)</p>